# POLAR



### **IDEAL FOR**

· Workers who require a good thermal insulation to perform static or low intensity work activities in cold environments (either indoor or outdoor).

. The excellent thermal insulation from PrimaLoft® fabric, helps to keep the worker's body temperature.

#### CERTIFICATIONS

CAT I EN ISO 13688/13

| COLD | _ |
|------|---|

| COLD PROTECTION IN COLD ENVIRONMENTS |   |                               |         |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Part of the fabric that applies      | Property                                | perty Standard Performance va |         |  |  |  |  |
| Primaloft® fleece                    | Thermal Resistance/<br>Insulation (Rct) | EN ISO 11092:2014             | Class 1 |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | Air permeability (AP)                   | EN ISO 9237:1995              | Class 1 |  |  |  |  |

\*Class 1 of Rct and AP according to the classification requirements of EN 14058:2017:

| Rct (m <sup>2</sup> K/W) | Class | Class | Air permeability (mm/s) |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| 0,06 ≤ Rct < 0,12        | 1     | 1     | AP > 100                |
| 0,12 ≤ Rct < 0,18        | 2     | 2     | 5 < AP ≤ 100            |
| 0,18 ≤ Rct < 0,25        | 3     | 3     | AP ≤ 5                  |
| 0,25 ≤ Rct               | 4     |       |                         |

This garment is specially designed and indicated to protect its wearer against the cold in environments that are not excessively cold and that are characterised by a possible combination of damp and wind at temperatures of  $-5^\circ$  C or more.



TO THE YELLOW FLUOR DESIGN.

PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES AGAINST MINIMAL RISKS DUE TO LOW VISIBILITY. This garment alone does not protect against this risk, as it does not reach a minimum surface for the user to be seen, but it helps increase visibility as long as the user also wears suitable protective clothing against this risk.

# **KEY FEATURES**

100% RECYCLED POLYESTER





#### DIMENSIONS

# **FABRICS COMPOSITION**

PACKAGING

CE 🖾 0

POLA

100% Recycled Polyester.



# WASHING MAINTENANCE SYMBOLS





#### POLAR RECYCLED (NO BIO)

| Mass per unit area:  |                     |   | 169 g/m <sup>2</sup>                               | ±5%   |
|--|---------------------|---|--|---|
| EN 12127:1997  |                     |   | -  |   |
| Air Permeability<br>EN ISO 9237:1995   |                     |   | 1013 mm/s  | ± 10 %  |
|  |                     |   |  |   |
| Thermal Resistance (RCT):<br>EN ISO 11092:2014   |                     | (   | ),0846 m <sup>2</sup> K/W                          | ± 10 %  |
| Water Vapour Resistance (RET):<br>EN ISO 11092:2014  |                     |   | 7,61 m²Pa/W  | ± 10 %  |
|  | and alangati        | 0.0.1   |  |   |
| Determination of breaking Strength<br>EN ISO 13934-1:2013  | -                   | GE LOAD   |  | ELONGATION  |
| LN 130 13934-1.2013  | LENGTHWISE          | 280 N ± 10 %  | LENGTHWISE   | 71,5% ± 10 %  |
|  | CROSSWISE           | 120 N ± 10 %  | CROSSWISE  | 205% ± 10 %   |
|  |                     |   |  | 20070 2 10 70   |
| Bursting resistance (after 5 washes<br>EN ISO 13938-1:1999   | s):                 |   | 110 kPa  | ± 10 %  |
| Determination of dimensional char  | nge in domesti      | ic washing and  | drying:  |   |
| EN ISO 5077:2008   | LENGTHWISE          | < ±3%   | CROSSWISE  | < ±3%   |
|  | Washing procedu     | re 4N (Ta=40 ±3°C)  | according to ISO                                   | 6330:2012   |
| Resistance to pilling:   |                     |   |  |   |
| ISO 12945-2:2001   |                     |   | 4 - 5  | 2000 CYCLES   |
| Scale from 1 to 5 in w   | hich 1 is "Very sev | vere pilling" and 5 is  | "No pilling".                                      |   |
| Determination of the abrasion resis  | stance of fabri     | ics:  | >90000   | CYCLES  |
| EN ISO 12947-2:2016 Testing pressure: 9 kPa  |                     | Until the first yarn broken   |  |   |
| Fastness rates:  |                     |   |  |   |
| Colour fastness to domestic and c  | ommercial laur      | ndering:  | А  | - 5 *   |
| EN ISO 105-C06:2010  |                     |   |  | - 0   |
| Colour fastness to perspiration (Alkaline & Acid):   |                     |   | ALKALINE   | 4 - 5 *   |
| EN ISO 105-E04:2013  |                     |   | ACID   | 4 - 5 *   |
| Colour fastness to rubbing (Dry &  | Wet):               |   | DRY  | 4 - 5 *   |
| EN ISO 105-X12:2016  |                     |   | WET  | 4 - 5 *   |
| Colour fastness to sea water:  |                     |   | 1  | - 5 *   |
| EN ISO 105-E02:2013  |                     |   | +  | - 5   |
| Colour fastness to artificial light:<br>EN ISO 105-B02:2014 Método 2   |                     |   | 4  | - 5**   |
|  |                     |   |  |   |
| * Fastness rates in a scale from 1 to F  | in which 1 is "D    | oor behaviour" opg  | 15 is "Good bob                                    | aviour"   |
| * Fastness rates in a scale from 1 to 5  |                     |   |  |   |
| ** Fastness to artifical light rates in a s  |                     | in which 1 is "Very   | y poor" and 8 is '                                 | 'Excelent"  |
|  |                     | in which 1 is "Very<br>CHROM  | y poor" and 8 is '<br>ACITY                        | Excelent"   |
| ** Fastness to artifical light rates in a s  | scale from 1 to 8   | in which 1 is "Very<br>CHROM<br>COORDI                                  | y poor" and 8 is '<br>ACITY<br>NATES               | Excelent"<br>LUMINANCE<br>FACTOR                            |
| ** Fastness to artifical light rates in a second se | Scale from 1 to 8   | in which 1 is "Very<br>CHROM<br>COORDI<br>x = 0,3855                    | y poor" and 8 is '<br>ACITY<br>NATES<br>y = 0,5426 | <sup>•</sup> Excelent"<br>LUMINANCE<br>FACTOR<br>β = 0,7915 |
| ** Fastness to artifical light rates in a s Enhanced Visibility CIE 15 YELL Tests used to determine  | OW FLUOR            | in which 1 is "Very<br>CHROM<br>COORDI<br>x = 0,3855<br>OPERTIES AGAINS | y poor" and 8 is '<br>ACITY<br>NATES<br>y = 0,5426 | <sup>•</sup> Excelent"<br>LUMINANCE<br>FACTOR<br>β = 0,7915 |
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